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10/538,713	01/22/2007	Alwyn John Seeds	ZIN-001	6908
51414 GOODWIN PR	7590 07/10/200 COCTER LLP	EXAMINER		
PATENT ADM	IINISTRATOR	DOBSON, DANIEL G		
53 STATE STREET EXCHANGE PLACE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
BOSTON, MA 02109-2881			2613	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/10/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/538,713	SEEDS ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		DANIEL G. DOBSON	2613		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address		
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTED IN STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTED IN SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depend for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature to received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/2. This action is FINAL . 2b) The Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro			
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicat	Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-13 is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 14-29 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/aion Papers The specification is objected to by the Examin The drawing(s) filed on 10 June 2005 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the	wn from consideration. /or election requirement. ner. a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
,—	under 35 U.S.C. § 119		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
2) Notic 3) Information Paper	t(s) See of References Cited (PTO-892) See of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) For No(s)/Mail Date 06/10/2005; 03/22/2007; 06/07/2007; 06/07/2009; 08/05/2008; 08/03/2009	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F	ate		



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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement filed 03/22/2007 (regarding references C4-C7 and C11) fails to comply with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609 because no date is provided. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered as to the merits. Applicant is advised that the date of any re-submission of any item of information contained in this information disclosure statement or the submission of any missing element(s) will be the date of submission for purposes of determining compliance with the requirements based on the time of filing the statement, including all certification requirements for statements under 37 CFR 1.97(e). See MPEP § 609.05(a).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 14-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 6,525,853 B1 to Stuart and U.S. Patent 6,064,786 to Cunningham et al.

As to **Claim 14**, *Stuart* discloses a method of reducing signal loss in an optical signal transmission system using a multimode optical fibre (Fig. 3, Col. 2, II. 5-13), the method comprising:

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coupling a signal into the multimode optical fibre (Fig. 3, signal from transmitters (36 1-n) is coupled into multimode fiber (40)),

wherein the signal is a radio-frequency-modulated signal (Fig. 3, RF modulated signals intensity modulate transmitters (36 1-n.))

Stuart suggests altering the mechanical positioning of the lasers and coupling optics when channel characteristics are undesirable (Col. 4, I. 61 - Col. 5, I. 5); however *Stuart* does not expressly disclose using a launch at an offset from the fibre.

Cunningham discloses launching a signal at an offset from the fiber (Fig. 1, launch at (20) offset by X.)

Stuart and Cunningham are from the same art with respect to optical communication, and are therefore analogous art.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to launch at an offset from the fibre as disclosed by *Cunningham* in the system disclosed by *Stuart* the suggestion/motivation would have been to simultaneously enhance the bandwidth and modal noise performance of a multimode optical fibre communication system (Col. 3, II. 45-50.)

As to **Claim 15**, *Cunningham* discloses wherein the launch is collinear with an axis of the multimode fibre (Fig. 10.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 14.

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As to Claim 16, Cunningham discloses wherein the signal is provided by a transverse mode laser transmitter (Col. 8, I. 49.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 14.

As to **Claim 17**, *Cunningham* discloses wherein the launch comprises a single transverse mode laser (Col. 8, I. 49) coupled to a single mode fibre pigtail (Fig. 9, 2) in communication with a GRIN multimode fibre (Fig. 9, 6, Col. 7, II. 20-25) using a mode-conditioning patchcord (Fig. 9, 2.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 14.

As to **Claim 18**, *Cunningham* discloses a laser receptacle package (Fig. 9, 2) coupled to a GRIN multimode fibre (Fig. 9, 6, Col. 7, II. 20-25) where the axis of the optical output from a single transverse mode laser (Col. 8, I. 49) has been offset from that of the fibre (Col. 7, II. 18-20.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 14.

As to Claim 19, Cunningham discloses wherein the multimode fibre has a core diameter of 62.5 um (Col. 7, II. 12) and wherein the coupling step comprises using a launch having an offset distance measured from the centre of the multimode fibre core to the centre of the optical radiation emitted from the transmitter of approximately 10 um to approximately 30 um (Fig's. 4 and 5 show

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that the offset can be changed as desired and includes the range from 10 um to 30 um.)

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The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 14.

As to Claim 20, Cunningham discloses where the offset distance measured from the centre of the multimode fibre core to the centre of the optical radiation emitted from the transmitter is approximately 23 um to approximately 30 um (Fig's. 4 and 5 show that the offset can be changed as desired and includes the range from 23 um to 30 um.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 14.

As to Claim 21, Cunningham discloses wherein the multimode fiber is installed in a building (Col. 1, I. 18.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 14.

As to **Claim 22**, *Stuart* discloses a radio frequency optical communication system (Fig. 3, Col. 2, II. 5-13) comprising:

a multimode optical fibre (Fig. 3, 40);

a laser transmitter (Fig. 3, 36-1) having an input port (Fig. 3, input port on left for RF modulated data) for causing the laser transmitter to provide radio-frequency modulated optical signals to said fibre (Fig. 3, RF modulated data modulates the transmitter 36-1, Col. 4, II. 15-20); and

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a coupler between the laser transmitter and the fibre (Fig. 3, 38, optics for coupling the optical signal onto one multimode fiber.)

Stuart suggests altering the mechanical positioning of the lasers and coupling optics when channel characteristics are undesirable (Col. 4, I. 61 - Col. 5, I. 5); however *Stuart* does not expressly disclose that the coupler has an offset from the fibre axis.

Cunningham discloses using a coupler (Fig. 9, 2) to launch a signal at an offset from the fiber axis (Col. 7, II. 18-20.)

Stuart and Cunningham are from the same art with respect to optical communication, and are therefore analogous art.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to us a coupler to launch at an offset from the fibre axis as disclosed by *Cunningham* in the system disclosed by *Stuart* the suggestion/motivation would have been to simultaneously enhance the bandwidth and modal noise performance of a multimode optical fibre communication system (Col. 3, II. 45-50.)

As to Claim 23, Cunningham discloses wherein the transmitter is a transverse mode laser transmitter (Col. 8, I. 49.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 22.

As to Claim 24, Cunningham discloses wherein the launch restricts the number of modes excited in the fibre (Col. 3, II. 35-7.)

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The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 22.

As to **Claim 25**, *Cunningham* discloses wherein the launch is collinear with an axis of the multimode fibre (Fig. 10.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 23.

As to **Claim 26**, *Stuart* discloses a photodetector (Fig. 3, 42-1.)

As to **Claim 27**, *Stuart* discloses a demodulator for demodulating the output of the photodetector (Fig. 3, 44.)

As to Claim 28, Cunningham discloses wherein the multimode fibre has a core diameter of 62.5 um (Col. 7, II. 12) and wherein the coupling step comprises using a launch having an offset distance measured from the centre of the multimode fibre core to the centre of the optical radiation emitted from the transmitter of approximately 10 um to approximately 30 um (Fig's. 4 and 5 show that the offset can be changed as desired and includes the range from 10 um to 30 um.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 23.

As to Claim 29, Cunningham discloses where the offset distance measured from the centre of the multimode fibre core to the centre of the optical radiation emitted from the transmitter is approximately 23 um to approximately 30

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um (Fig's. 4 and 5 show that the offset can be changed as desired and includes the range from 23 um to 30 um.)

The suggestion/motivation is the same as that used in the rejection for claim 23.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL G. DOBSON whose telephone number is (571)272-9781. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Fri. 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kenneth Vanderpuye can be reached on (571) 272-3078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Daniel G. Dobson/ Examiner, Art Unit 2613 07/01/2009

/Kenneth N Vanderpuye/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2613